

**UW PACC** Psychiatry and Addictions Case Conference UW Medicine | Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences

# USE OF BUPRENORPHINE FOR CHRONIC PAIN

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# **GENERAL DISCLOSURES**

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#### **SPEAKER DISCLOSURES**

✓ Grant/Research Support from Pfizer, Purdue



#### AGENDA

- FDA- approved buprenorphine formulations
- Evidence of buprenorphine efficacy for pain
- Buprenorphine for opioid taper
- Buprenorphine for high-risk opioid patients



#### **DON'T FORGET YOUR PETS!**





## **FDA-APPROVED BUPRENORPHINE**

- Buprenorphine-naloxone
- FDA indication: Opioid dependence, Maintenance therapy
- Generic Sublingual Tablet: (Buprenorphine Naloxone) 2 MG-0.5 MG, 8 MG-2 MG
- Bunavail Buccal Film: (Buprenorphine Naloxone) 2.1 MG-0.3 MG, 4.2 MG-0.7 MG, 6.3 MG-1 MG
- Suboxone Sublingual Film: (Buprenorphine Naloxone) 2 MG-0.5 MG, 4 MG-1 MG, 8 MG-2 MG, 12 MG-3 MG
- Sublingual Tablet: (Buprenorphine Naloxone) 8 MG-2 MG
- Zubsolv Sublingual Tablet: (Buprenorphine Naloxone) 0.7 MG-0.18 MG, 1.4 MG-0.36 MG, 2.9 MG-0.71 MG, 5.7 MG-1.4 MG, 8.6 MG-2.1 MG, 11.4 MG-2.9 MG
- [Probuphine Intradermal Implant: 74.2 MG]



# **FDA-APPROVED BUPRENORPHINE**

#### • Buprenorphine

- FDA indication: Pain, chronic (Severe), in patients requiring long-term daily around-the-clock opioid
- Generic Transdermal Patch, Extended Release: 5 MCG/1 HR, 7.5 MCG/1 HR, 10 MCG/1 HR, 15 MCG/1 HR, 20 MCG/1 HR
- Belbuca Buccal Film: 75 MCG, 150 MCG, 300 MCG, 450 MCG, 600 MCG, 750 MCG, 900 MCG
- Butrans Transdermal Patch, Extended Release: 5 MCG/1 HR, 7.5 MCG/1 HR, 10 MCG/1 HR, 15 MCG/1 HR, 20 MCG/1 HR



- Canadian Agency for Drugs and Tech Health 18 pubs, incl. 4 systematic reviews, 9 RCTs
  - 6 RCTs double blind, 3 open label; 7/9 pharma
  - 2 non-inferiority design, 4 enriched enrollment (excluded non-responsive or intolerant to bup)
  - Some studies had high dropout rates (45%)
  - OA, CLBP, MSK pain, AIDS/neuropathic, chronic



- Buprenorphine vs tramadol
  - Transdermal, one 12-wk open label RCT, OA
  - Similar pain reductions, poor quality study
- Buprenorphine vs fentanyl (both transdermal)
  - 2 small, poor quality RCTs, AIDS, non-malig. Pain
  - Similar pain reduction, no clear conclusions
- Buprenorphine vs codeine
  - One mod quality non-inferiority RCT in OA
  - No clear advantage of either for pain or sleep



- <u>Buprenorphine vs oxycodone</u>
  - DB RCT: Bup 5mcg/hr vs. 20mcg/hr vs. oxycodone
  - 5mcg/hr < 20mcg/hr ~ oxycodone</p>
- Buprenophine vs morphine
  - 3 trials back pain, morphine > bup.
- Buprenorphine vs placebo
  - 4 trials transdermal, buccal buprenorphine
  - Bup improved pain more over 12 weeks
  - ? Disability, sleep, adverse events



- No evidence for bup doses >24mg vs less
- No evidence on bup for opioid tapering
  10 poor quality studies (noted in Frank et al Annals)
- Evidence unclear on whether risk of adverse events (constipation, cog. Impairment, respiratory depression) is less on bup.



### BUPRENORPHINE FOR HIGH-RISK PATIENTS ON OPIOID THERAPY

- Patients on high-dose (>90mgMED) opioids, concurrent sedatives, or aberrant behavior, and who cannot or will not taper off opioids
- Rationale for this use:
  - Lowers risk of overdose, misuse, other adverse ev.
  - Kappa antagonism often stabilizes patients psychologically
  - Appears to provide adequate analgesia
    - No ceiling effect reported in clinical studies
    - May help reduce opioid-induced hyperalgesia



#### BUPRENORPHINE FOR HIGH-RISK PATIENTS ON OPIOID THERAPY

- Barriers to use of bup for chronic pain
  - Cost of Butrans, Belbucca, other brand name bup.
  - Insurance will not cover bup-nal for chronic pain, so patients need to be given OUD diagnosis
    - Many high-dose opioid therapy patients will qualify for DSMV mild OUD (2 criteria)
    - But may have undesired consequences in clinical and non-clinical domains: ED visits, custody battles, employment, disability applications



## **SUMMARY: BUP FOR PAIN**

- Evidence for efficacy compared to other opioids unclear
- Evidence for efficacy compared to placebo unclear over the long term
- Bup does appear to provide adequate analgesia for many patients switched from full opioid agonists
- Bup is clearly safer than high-dose full agonist

