



**UW PACC**

Psychiatry and Addictions Case Conference

UW Medicine | Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences

# PSYCHEDELICS FOR OUD

A BRIEF REVIEW

DECEMBER 2025

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# OUTLINE

## I. Background

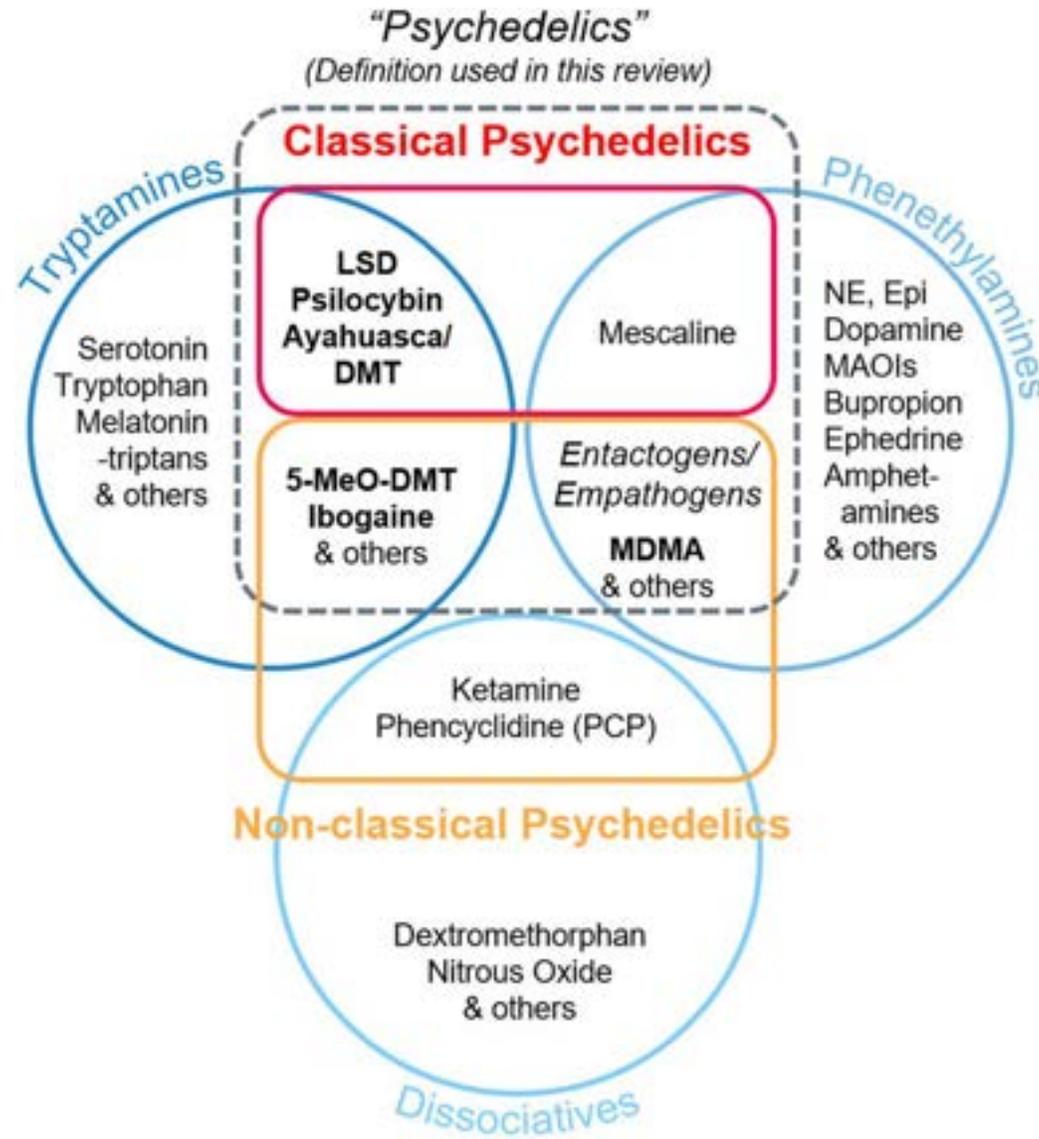
- a) Definitions
- b) History
- c) Problem

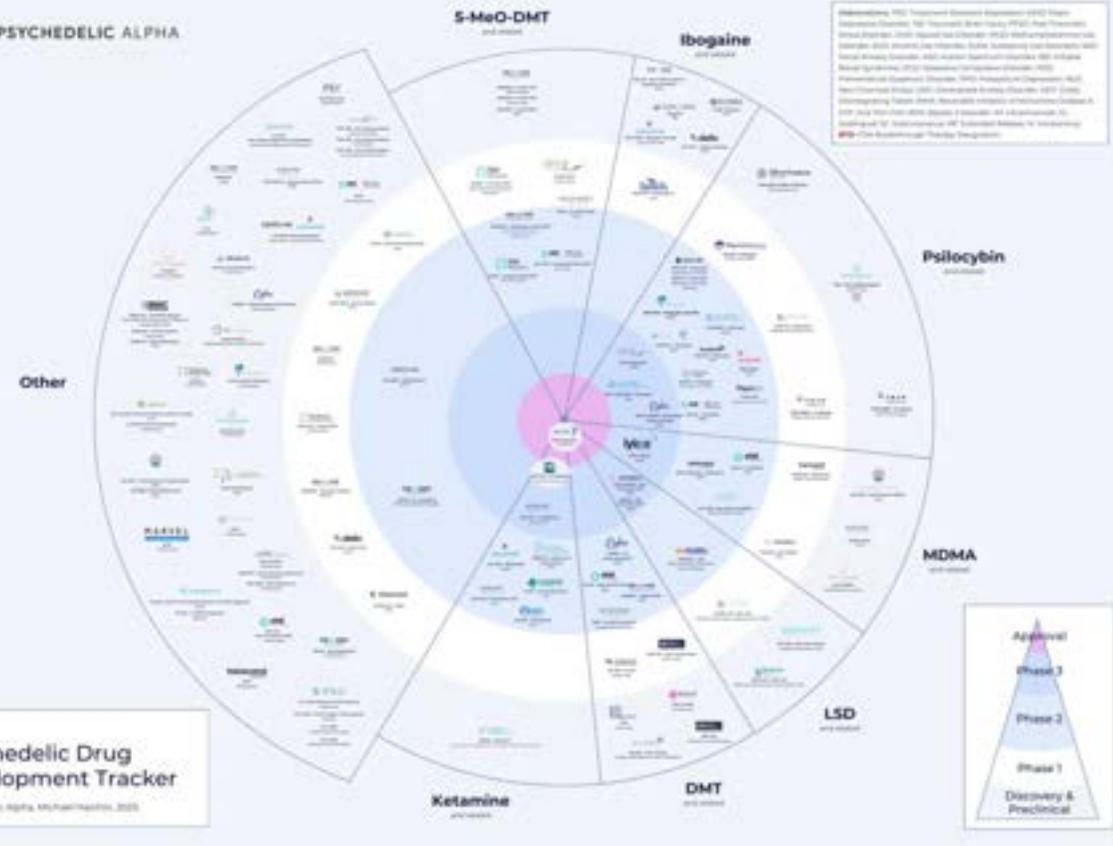
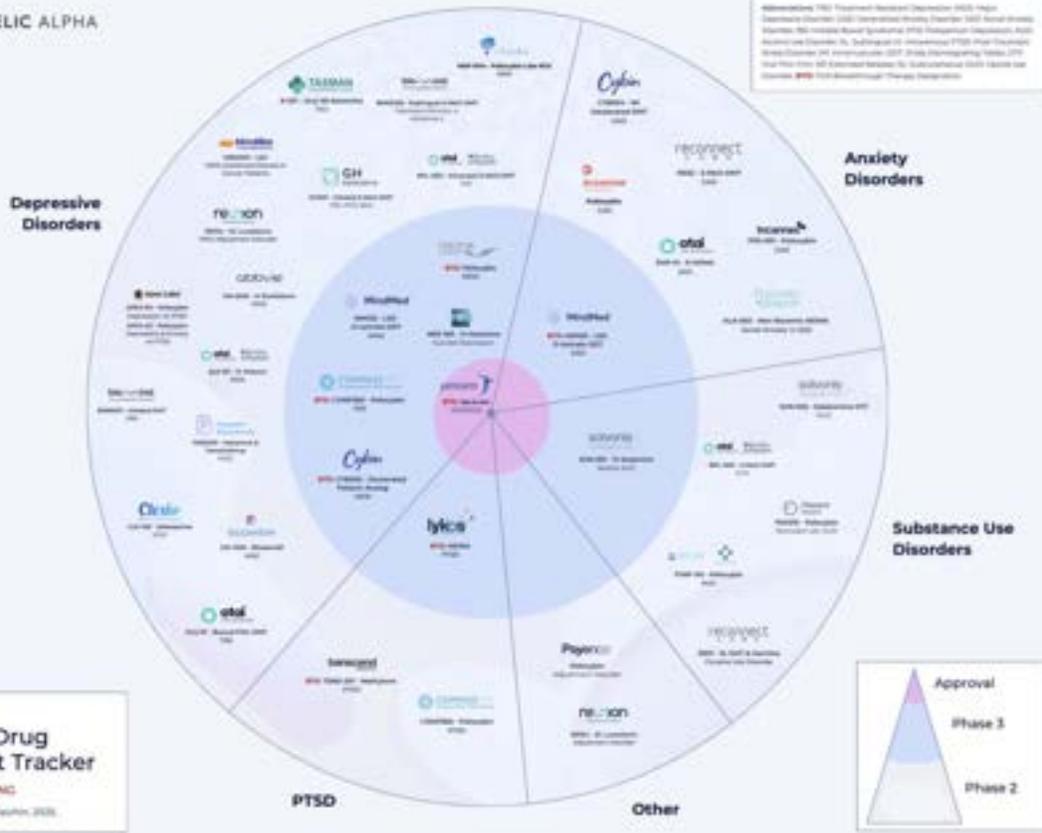
## II. Evidence

- a) LSD/Psilocybin
- b) Ketamine
- c) Ibogaine

## III. Novel Applications

# I. BACKGROUND: DEFINITION





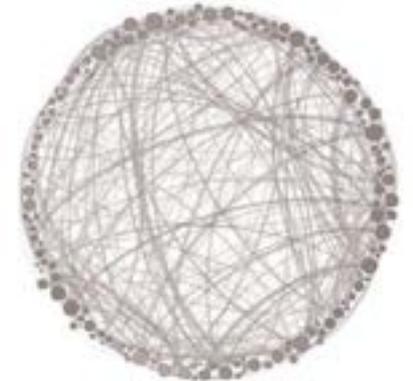
# I. BACKGROUND: HISTORY



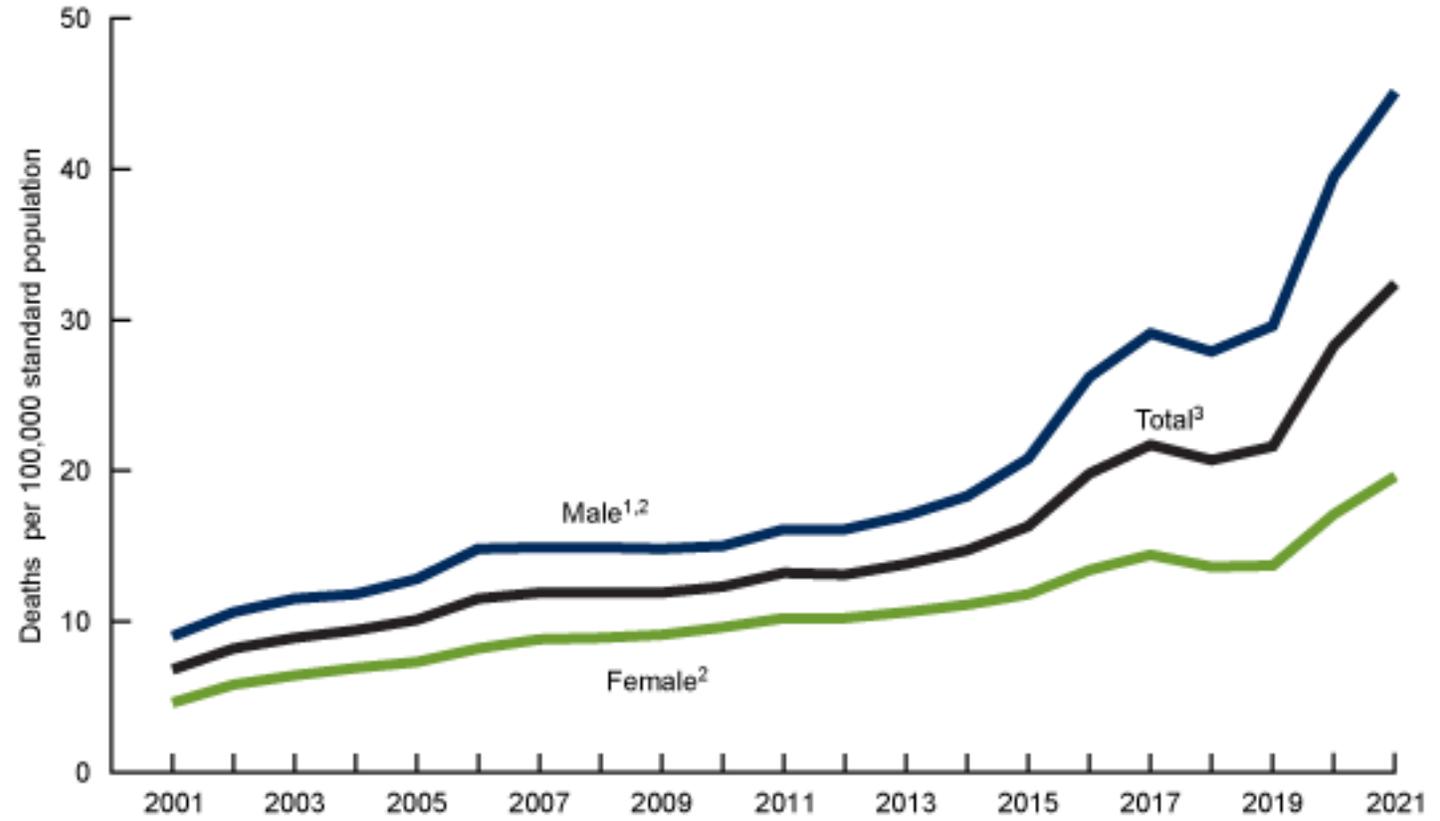
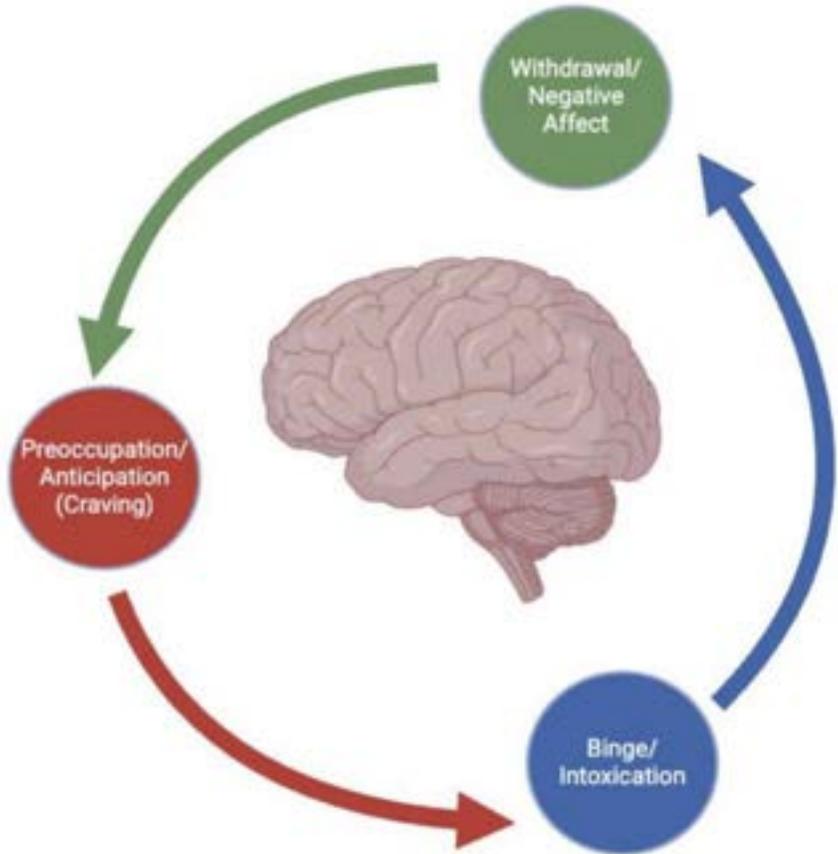
Placebo



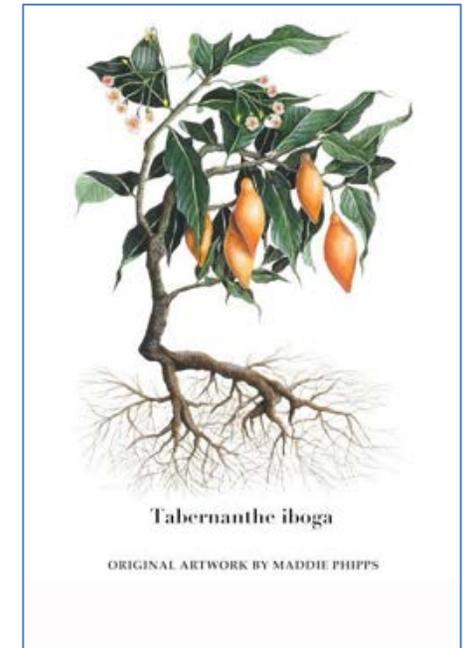
Psilocybin



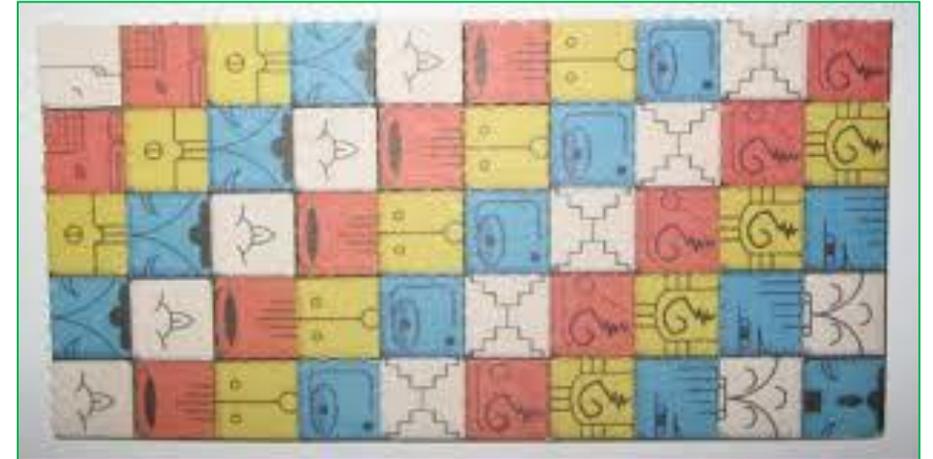
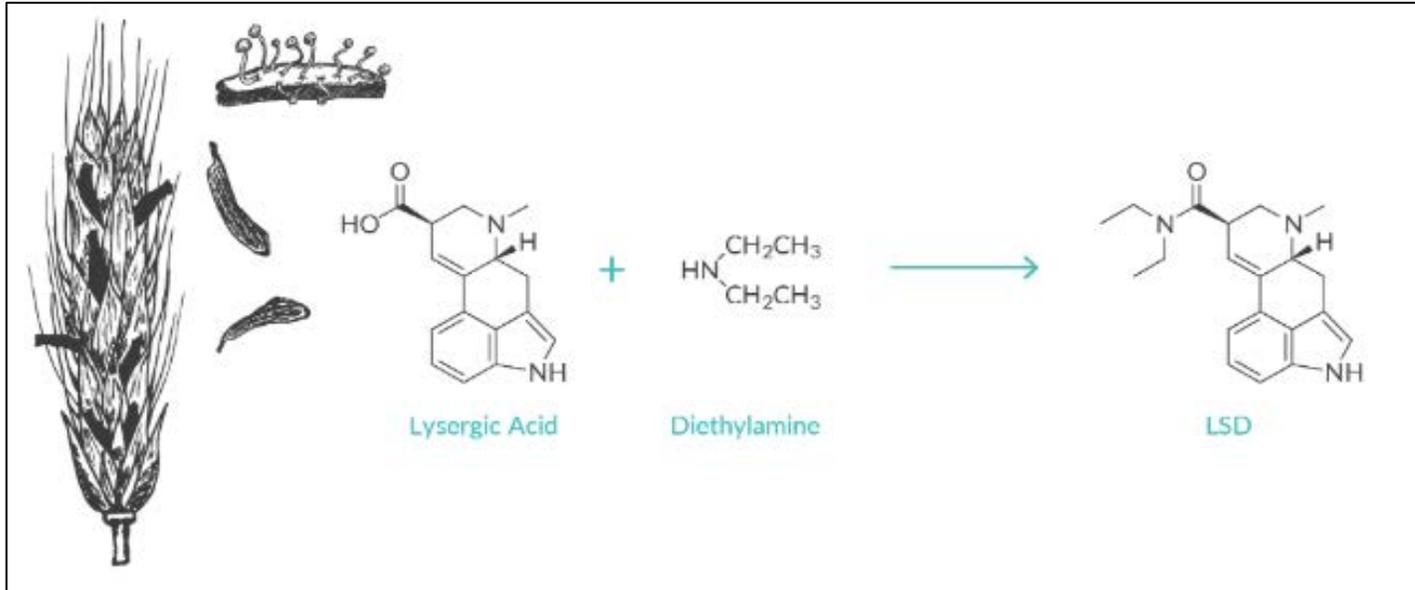
# I. BACKGROUND: PROBLEM



## II. EVIDENCE: PSYCHEDELICS FOR OUD

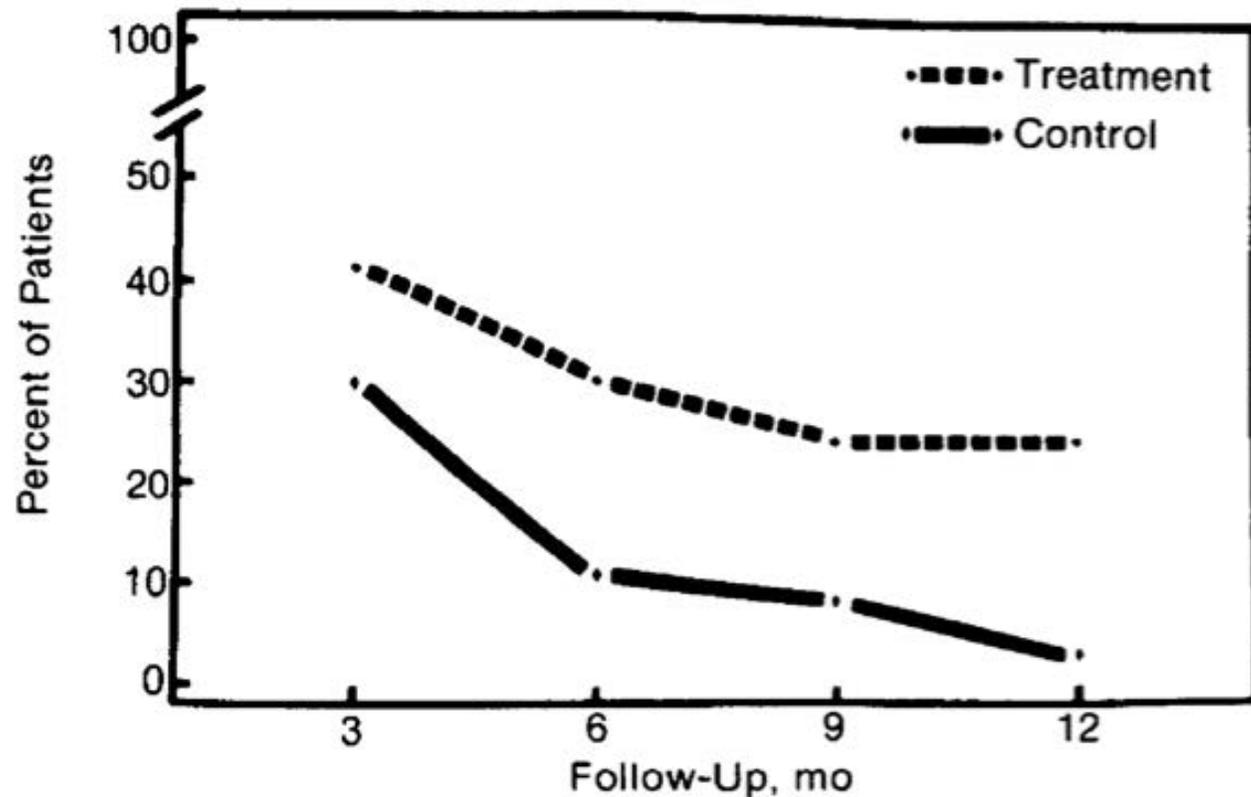


## II. EVIDENCE: LSD



## II. EVIDENCE: LSD FOR OUD

Fig 1.—Percent of patients maintaining total abstinence at 3-, 6-, 9-, and 12-month follow-up.



**P:** N = 74 adults

**I:** 4-6 weeks therapy + single dose 300–350mcg LSD

**C:** Usual care (supportive housing)

**O:** Abstinence monthly for 12 months.

**R:** 12-month abstinence – 9/36 (25%) vs 2/37 (5%) in control ;

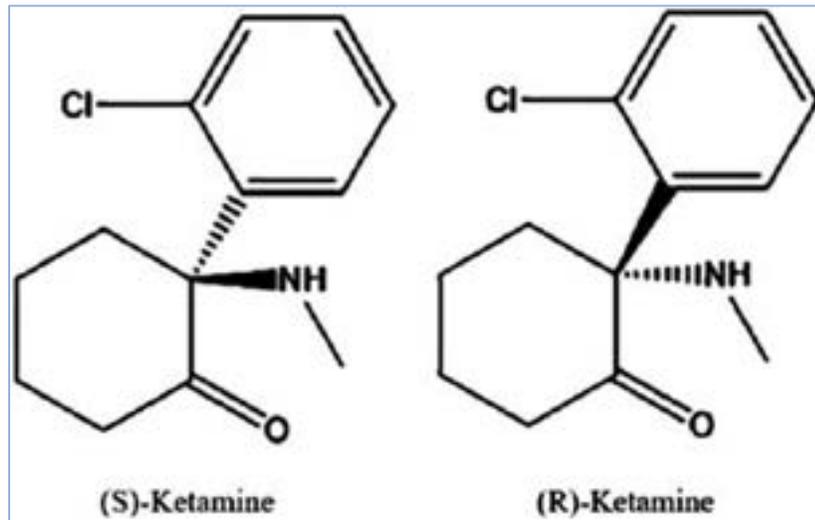
## II. EVIDENCE: PSILOCYBIN FOR OUD

Lifetime use	Frequency (unweighted N)	aOR (95% CI) <sup>1</sup>
Psilocybin	22,276	<b>0.70*** (0.60, 0.83)</b>
Peyote	3766	0.84 (0.63, 1.12)
Mescaline	4595	1.13 (0.86, 1.49)
LSD	22,552	1.15 (0.94, 1.42)
MDMA/ecstasy	21,195	<b>1.66*** (1.35, 2.03)</b>
PCP	3935	<b>1.63** (1.25, 2.12)</b>
Cocaine	32,783	<b>3.54*** (2.89, 4.34)</b>
Inhalants	21,856	<b>1.44*** (1.21, 1.73)</b>
Tranquilizers	48,572	<b>3.40*** (2.79, 4.14)</b>
Stimulants	32,033	<b>1.44*** (1.24, 1.68)</b>
Sedatives	27,218	<b>1.93*** (1.61, 2.30)</b>
Marijuana	110,175	<b>2.39*** (1.71, 3.35)</b>

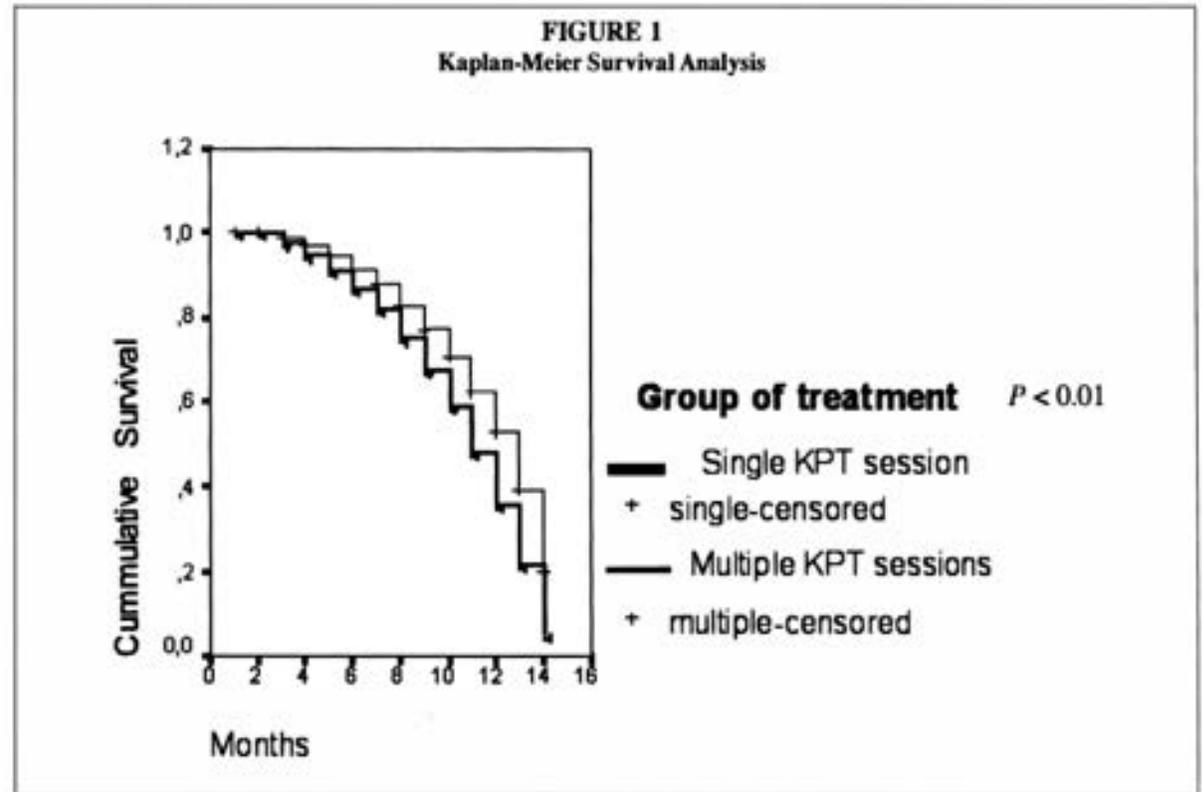
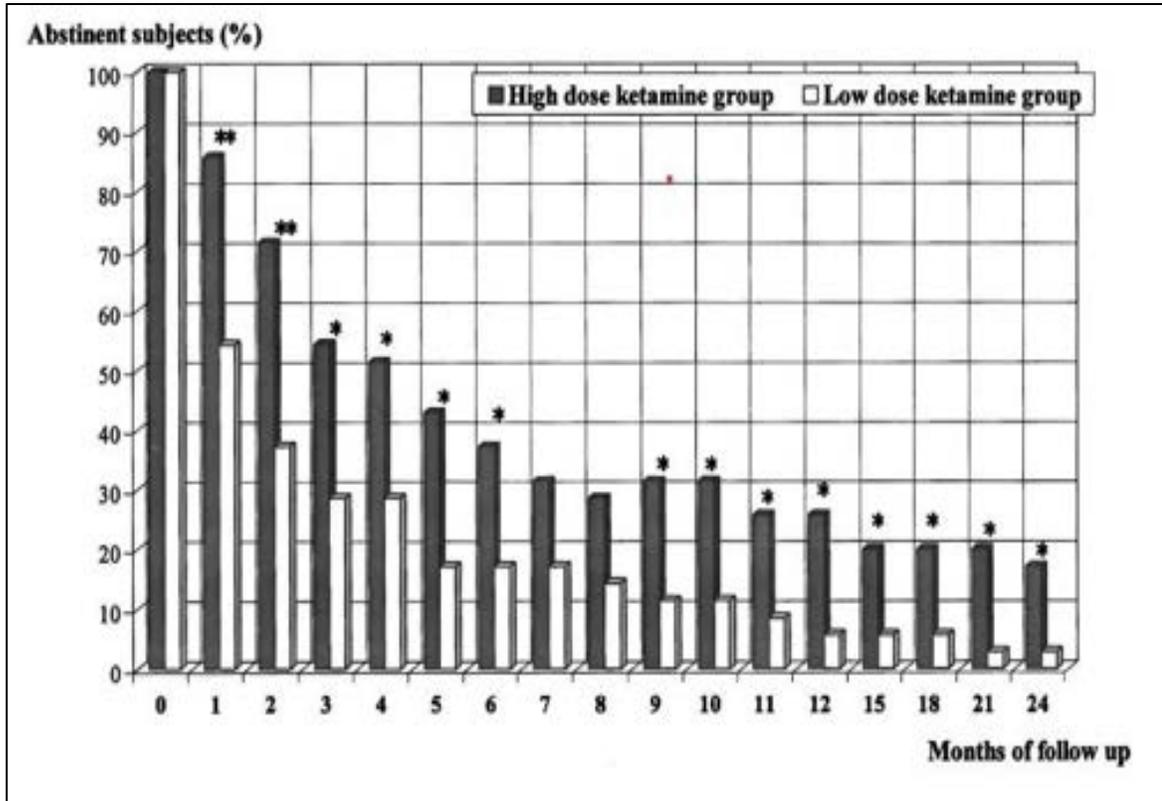
## II. EVIDENCE: PSILOCYBIN FOR OUD



## II. EVIDENCE: KETAMINE



## II. EVIDENCE: KETAMINE FOR OUD



Krupitsky EM, Burakov AM, Dunaevsky IV, Romanova TN, Slavina TY, Grinenko AY. Single versus repeated sessions of ketamine-assisted psychotherapy for people with heroin dependence. *J Psychoactive Drugs*. 2007 Mar;39(1):13–9.

Krupitsky E, Burakov A, Romanova T, Dunaevsky I, Strassman R, Grinenko A. Ketamine psychotherapy for heroin addiction: immediate effects and two-year follow-up. *J Subst Abuse Treat*. 2002 Dec;23(4):273–83.

## II. KETAMINE FOR OUD: ACTIVE STUDIES

**Terminated** ⓘ  
Study funds were exhausted

**Ketamine for OUD and Comorbid Depression (OUDCD)**

ClinicalTrials.gov ID ⓘ NCT05051449

Sponsor ⓘ University of Maryland, Baltimore

Information provided by ⓘ Annabelle Belcher, University of Maryland, Baltimore (Responsible Party)

Last Update Posted ⓘ 2024-03-07

**Terminated** ⓘ  
Low recruitment numbers and study funding will be closing shortly.

**Ketamine for OUD and Suicidal Ideation in the ED**

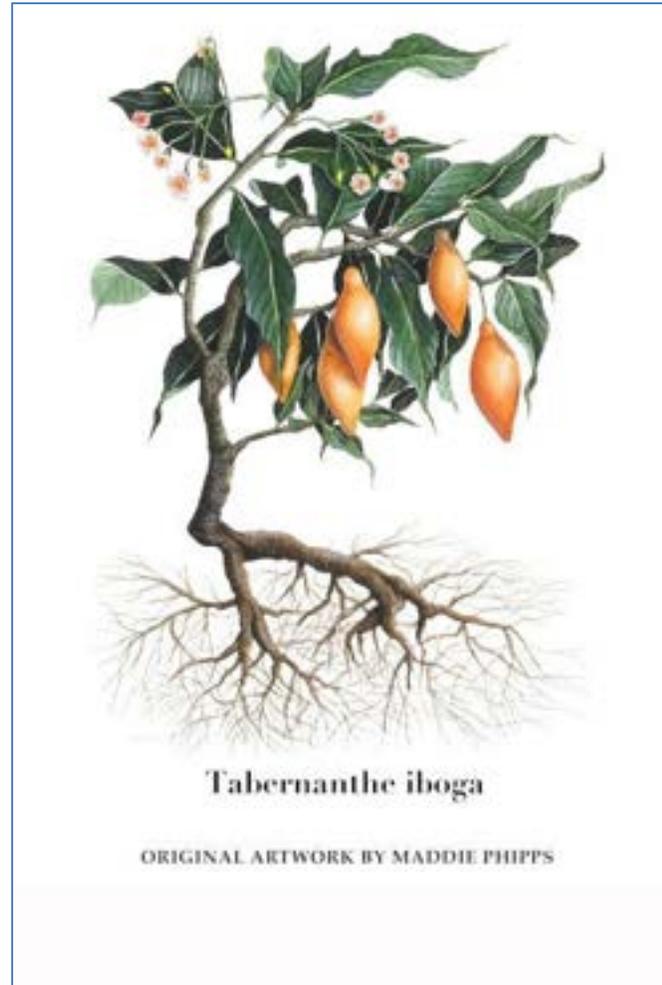
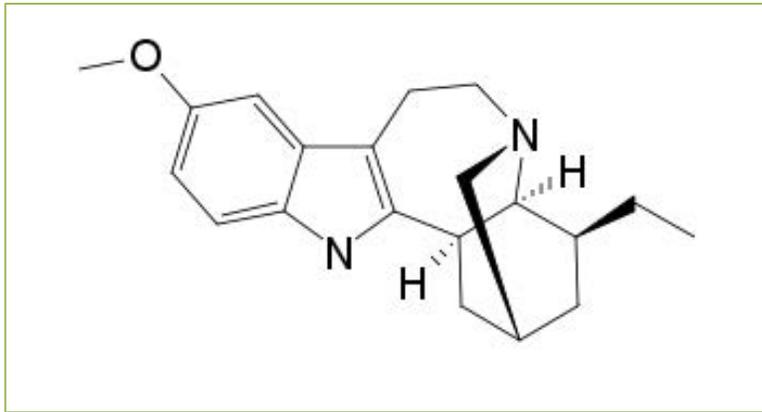
ClinicalTrials.gov ID ⓘ NCT06111339

Sponsor ⓘ Brigham and Women's Hospital

Information provided by ⓘ Joji Suzuki, MD, Brigham and Women's Hospital (Responsible Party)

Last Update Posted ⓘ 2025-04-08

## II. EVIDENCE: IBOGAINÉ



## II. EVIDENCE: IBOGAIN FOR OUD

### Changes in Withdrawal and Craving Scores in Participants Undergoing Opioid Detoxification Utilizing Ibogaine

Benjamin J. Malcolm, Martin Polanco & Joseph P. Barsuglia

To cite this article: Benjamin J. Malcolm, Martin Polanco & Joseph P. Barsuglia (2018) Changes in Withdrawal and Craving Scores in Participants Undergoing Opioid Detoxification Utilizing Ibogaine, *Journal of Psychoactive Drugs*, 50:3, 256-265, DOI: [10.1080/02791072.2018.1447175](https://doi.org/10.1080/02791072.2018.1447175)

To link to this article: <https://doi.org/10.1080/02791072.2018.1447175>

#### Observational Cohort

**P:** N = 30 adults

**I:** 1.5 grams ibogaine HCL in MX after short-acting MSO4.

**C:** Pre/Post

**O:** SOWS, Abstinence for 12 months.

**R:** 50% abstinent at 1 month, reduced until month 3, then effect lost.

## II. EVIDENCE: IBOGAIN FOR OUD

### Observational Cohort

**P:** N = 30 adults

**I:** 1.5 grams ibogaine HCL in MX after short-acting MSO4.

**C:** Observational

**O:** SOWS, Abstinence for 12 months.

**R:** SOWS reduction - 17 pt, 50% abstinent at 1 month

#### Treatment of opioid use disorder with ibogaine: detoxification and drug use outcomes

Thomas Kingsley Brown & Kenneth Alper

To cite this article: Thomas Kingsley Brown & Kenneth Alper (2018) Treatment of opioid use disorder with ibogaine: detoxification and drug use outcomes, The American Journal of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 44:1, 24-36, DOI: 10.1080/00952990.2017.1320802

	Pretreatment	One month	3 months	6 months	9 months	12 months
<b>n</b>	30	20	19	14	17	14
<b>ASIC Scores</b>						
Drug Use	0.40 ± 0.08	0.11 ± 0.09 <sup>+++</sup>	0.15 ± 0.13 <sup>+++</sup>	0.12 ± 0.09 <sup>+++</sup>	0.13 ± 0.13 <sup>+++</sup>	0.17 ± 0.10 <sup>+++</sup>
Alcohol Use	0.08 ± 0.18	0.09 ± 0.13	0.07 ± 0.11 <sup>+++</sup>	0.16 ± 0.16	0.12 ± 0.13 <sup>+++</sup>	0.16 ± 0.24
Family/Social Status	0.24 ± 0.16	0.07 ± 0.13 <sup>+++</sup>	0.06 ± 0.13 <sup>+++</sup>	0.08 ± 0.15 <sup>+++</sup>	0.03 ± 0.09 <sup>+++</sup>	0.04 ± 0.07 <sup>+++</sup>
Employment Status	0.34 ± 0.26	0.44 ± 0.28 <sup>++</sup>	0.33 ± 0.27 <sup>++</sup>	0.26 ± 0.22 <sup>+++</sup>	0.37 ± 0.29 <sup>+++</sup>	0.25 ± 0.19 <sup>+++</sup>
Legal Status	0.22 ± 0.24	0.10 ± 0.18 <sup>++</sup>	0.04 ± 0.09 <sup>+++</sup>	0.14 ± 0.14 <sup>++</sup>	0.05 ± 0.10 <sup>+++</sup>	0.10 ± 0.17 <sup>+++</sup>
Medical Status	0.19 ± 0.31	0.26 ± 0.28	0.27 ± 0.34 <sup>*</sup>	0.25 ± 0.28 <sup>**</sup>	0.15 ± 0.31 <sup>**</sup>	0.26 ± 0.35 <sup>**</sup>
Psychiatric Status	0.27 ± 0.18	0.18 ± 0.22	0.17 ± 0.20 <sup>++</sup>	0.16 ± 0.23 <sup>++*</sup>	0.14 ± 0.20	0.23 ± 0.20
<b>Opioid-free days in the previous 30 days</b>						
Among subjects available for follow up	1.0 ± 3.3	27.7 ± 5.7	22.5 ± 11.2	20.2 ± 13.5	20.6 ± 13.4	17.3 ± 14.0
Among all subjects (N=30), missing values	1.0 ± 3.3	18.9 ± 13.6	14.9 ± 13.7	9.9 ± 13.6	11.7 ± 14.4	8.8 ± 12.7
baseline						
Number of subjects reporting no opioid use in previous 30 days (%N)	0	15 (50%)	10 (33%)	6 (20%)	11 (37%)	7 (23%)

## II. EVIDENCE: IBOGAIN FOR OUD

# Ibogaine Detoxification Transitions Opioid and Cocaine Abusers Between Dependence and Abstinence: Clinical Observations and Treatment Outcomes

*Deborah C. Mash<sup>1,2\*</sup>, Linda Duque<sup>1</sup>, Bryan Page<sup>3</sup> and Kathleen Allen-Ferdinand<sup>4</sup>*

*<sup>1</sup> Department of Neurology, Leonard M. Miller School of Medicine, Miami, FL, United States, <sup>2</sup> Department of Molecular and Cellular Pharmacology, Leonard M. Miller School of Medicine, Miami, FL, United States, <sup>3</sup> Department of Anthropology, University of Miami, Coral Gables, FL, United States, <sup>4</sup> General Medical Practice, Basseterre, Saint Kitts and Nevis*

### Observational Cohort

**P:** N = 191 adults inpatient, OUD or cocaine use disorder.

**I:** 8 – 12mg/Kg

**C:** Open label

**O:** OOWS, craving, AE

**R:** No SAE, reduced OOWS, craving and mood sx at 1 month.

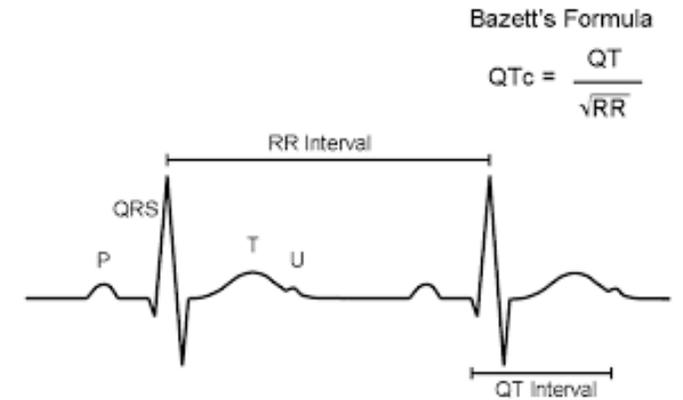


## II. IBOGAIN FOR OUD: ACTIVE STUDIES

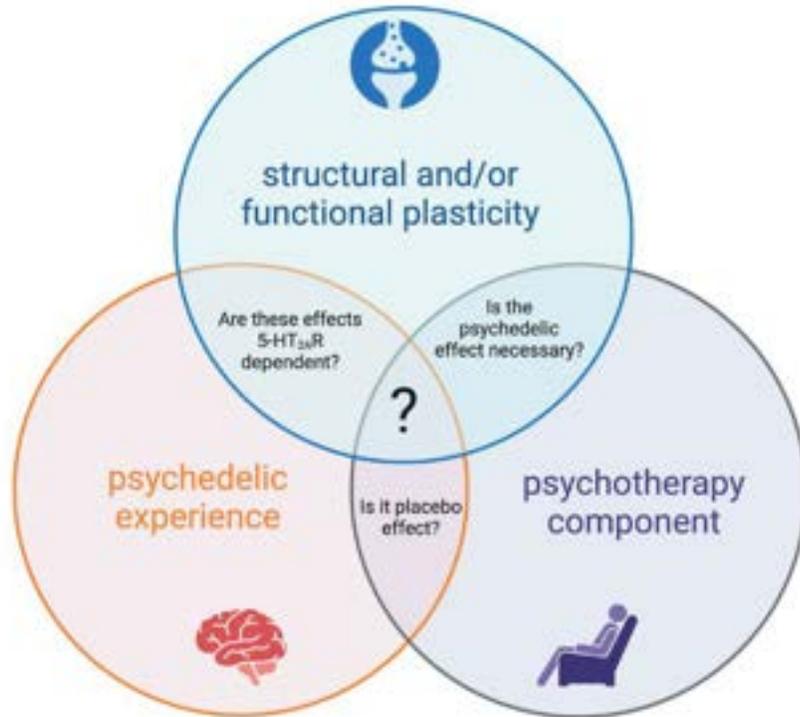


The Texas Ibogaine Initiative is  
**Fully Funded**  
with a \$50 million appropriation  
in matching grants for ibogaine  
clinical trials.

▶ **Next steps:**  
The bill heads to  
Governor Abbott's  
desk to be signed.



### III. NOVEL APPLICATIONS: DOSING



**Fig. 4 Summary schematic of the ongoing research fields in psychedelics.** Venn diagram illustrates the mechanisms behind the potential therapeutic effects of psychedelic compounds separated by each respective research component.

- Single vs Multiple doses
- Macro vs Micro doses
- Therapy type/duration
- Group therapy

# III. NOVEL APPLICATIONS: KABI



Grande et al. *Addiction Science & Clinical Practice*  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s13722-024-00494-2>

(2024) 19:60

Addiction Science & Clinical Practice

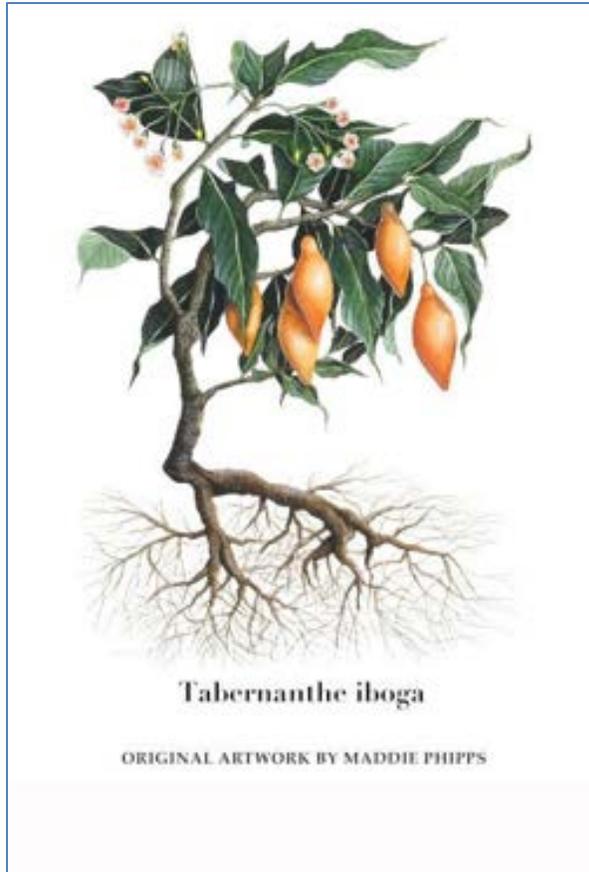
RESEARCH

Open Access

## Ketamine-assisted buprenorphine initiation: a pilot case series

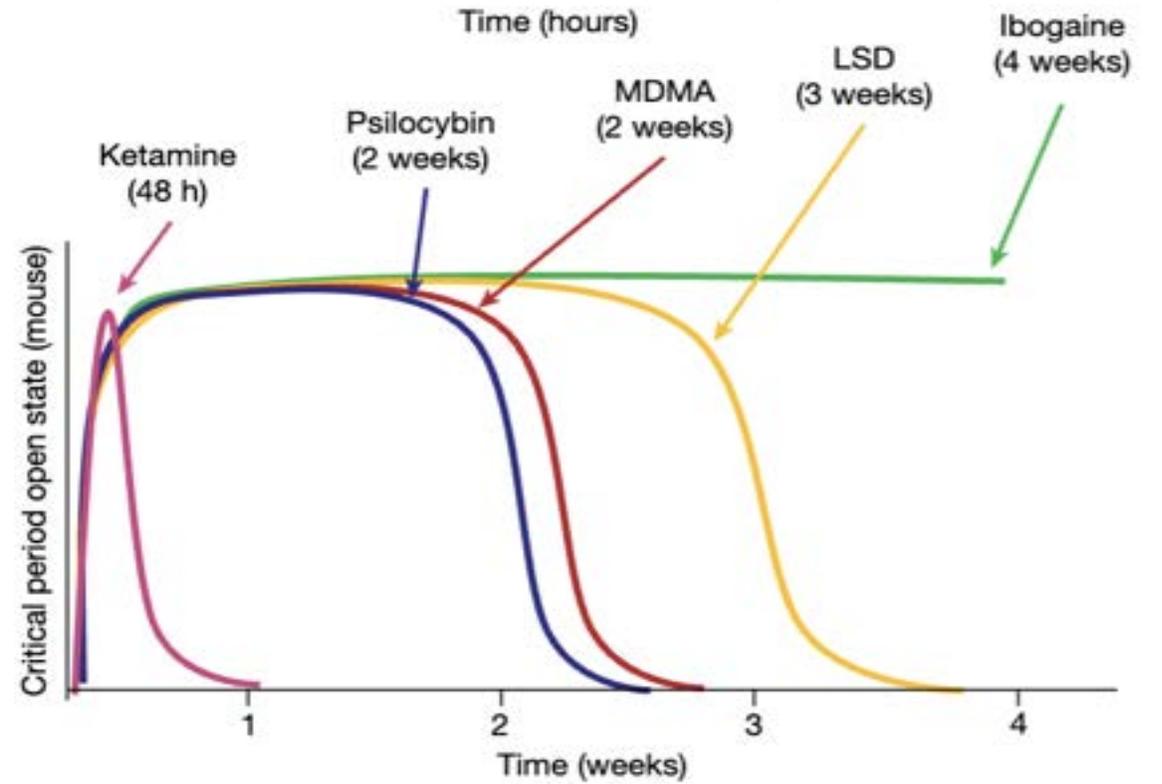
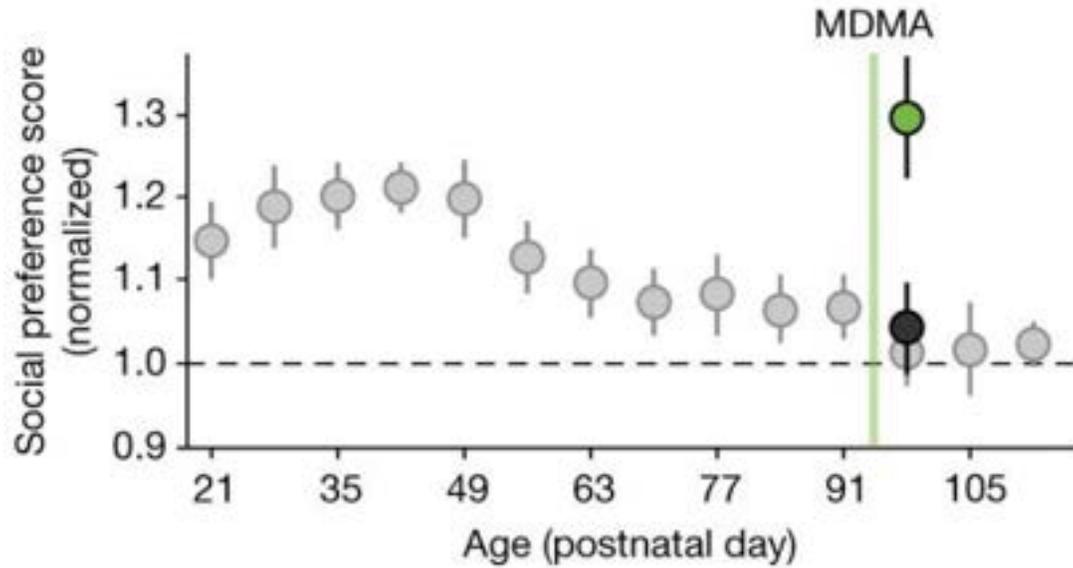
Lucinda A. Grande<sup>1,6\*</sup>, Tom Hutch<sup>1,6</sup>, Keira Jack<sup>2</sup>, Wendy Mironov<sup>2</sup>, Jessica Iwuoha<sup>2</sup>, Martin Muy-Rivera<sup>2</sup>, Jacob Grillo<sup>3</sup>, Stephen A. Martin<sup>4</sup> and Andrew Herring<sup>5</sup>

### III. NOVEL APPLICATIONS: IBO + VIVITROL



Vivitrol<sup>®</sup>  
(naltrexone for extended-release  
injectable suspension)

### III. MOA



Nardou, R., Lewis, E. M., Rothhaas, R., Xu, R., Yang, A., Boyden, E., & Dölen, G. (2019). Oxytocin-dependent reopening of a social reward learning critical period with MDMA. *Nature*, 569(7754), 116–120.

Nardou, R., Sawyer, E., Song, Y. J., Wilkinson, M., Padovan-Hernandez, Y., de Deus, J. L., Wright, N., et al. (2023). Psychedelics reopen the social reward learning critical period. *Nature*, 618(7966), 790–798.

### III. SUMMARY

#### Classic Psychedelics:

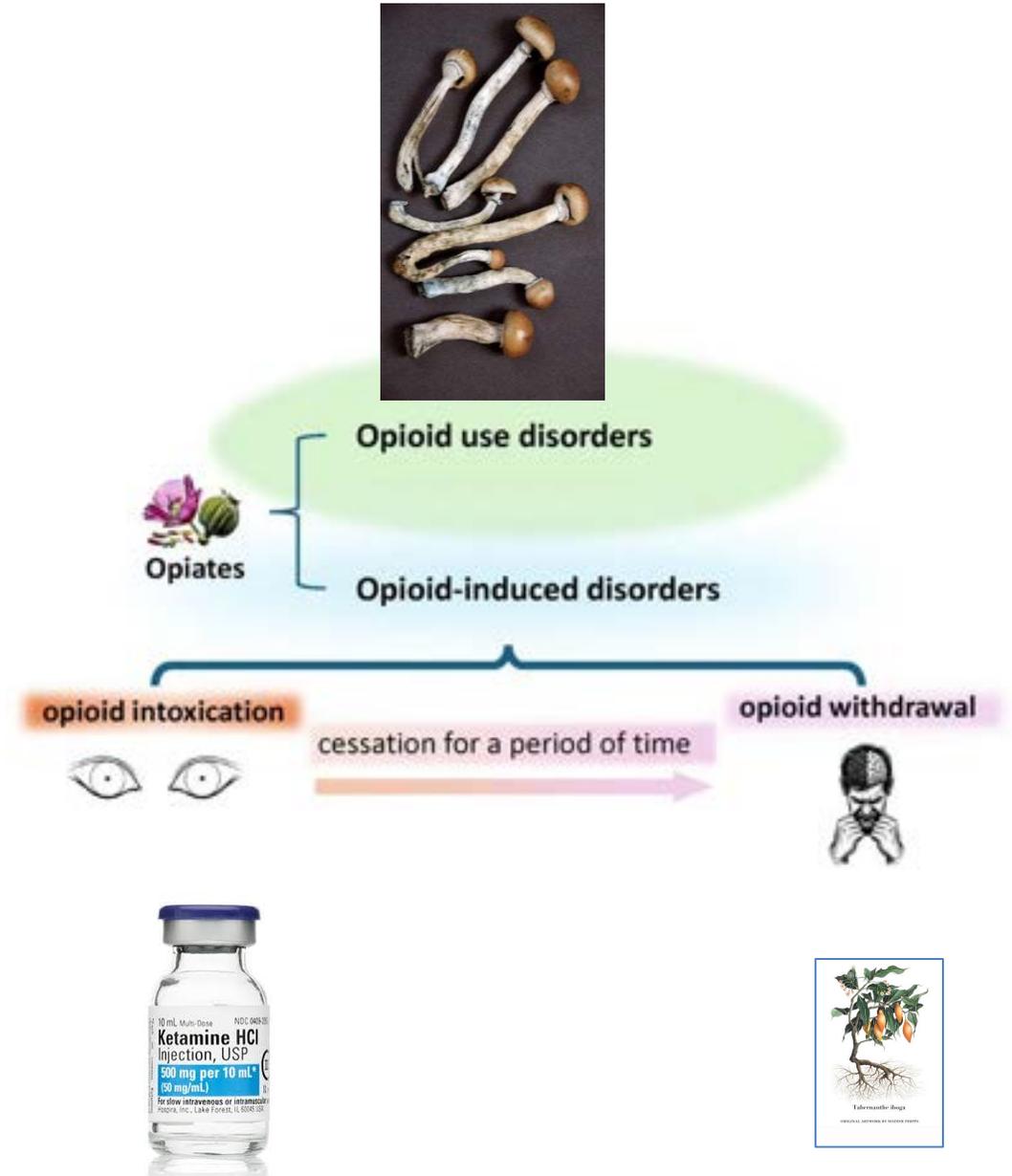
- Least historical evidence
- Safest profile
- Most current studies

#### Ketamine

- Some evidence
- More AUD work
- Increased risk of abuse

#### Ibogaine

- Most observational data
- Limited by cardiac concerns



# Questions

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